

NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

f08hn

1 Purpose

f08hn computes all the eigenvalues and, optionally, all the eigenvectors of a complex n by n Hermitian band matrix A of bandwidth $(2k_d + 1)$.

2 Syntax

```
[ab, w, z, info] = f08hn(jobz, uplo, kd, ab, 'n', n)
```

3 Description

The Hermitian band matrix A is first reduced to real tridiagonal form, using unitary similarity transformations, and then the QR algorithm is applied to the tridiagonal matrix to compute the eigenvalues and (optionally) the eigenvectors.

4 References

Anderson E, Bai Z, Bischof C, Blackford S, Demmel J, Dongarra J J, Du Croz J J, Greenbaum A, Hammarling S, McKenney A and Sorensen D 1999 *LAPACK Users' Guide* (3rd Edition) SIAM, Philadelphia URL: <http://www.netlib.org/lapack/lug>

Golub G H and Van Loan C F 1996 *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

5 Parameters

5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **jobz** – string

If **jobz** = 'N', compute eigenvalues only.

If **jobz** = 'V', compute eigenvalues and eigenvectors.

Constraint: **jobz** = 'N' or 'V'.

2: **uplo** – string

If **uplo** = 'U', the upper triangular part of A is stored.

If **uplo** = 'L', the lower triangular part of A is stored.

Constraint: **uplo** = 'U' or 'L'.

3: **kd** – int32 scalar

If **uplo** = 'U', the number of superdiagonals, k_d , of the matrix A .

If **uplo** = 'L', the number of subdiagonals, k_d , of the matrix A .

Constraint: **kd** ≥ 0 .

4: **ab(ldab,*)** – complex array

The first dimension of the array **ab** must be at least **kd** + 1

The second dimension of the array must be at least $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The upper or lower triangle of the n by n Hermitian band matrix A .

The matrix is stored in rows 1 to $k_d + 1$, more precisely,

if **uplo** = 'U', the elements of the upper triangle of A within the band must be stored with element A_{ij} in **ab**($k_d + 1 + i - j, j$) for $\max(1, j - k_d) \leq i \leq j$;
 if **uplo** = 'L', the elements of the lower triangle of A within the band must be stored with element A_{ij} in **ab**($1 + i - j, j$) for $j \leq i \leq \min(n, j + k_d)$.

5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: **n** – **int32 scalar**

Default: The second dimension of the array **ab**.

n , the order of the matrix A .

Constraint: $n \geq 0$.

5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

ldab, ldz, work, rwork

5.4 Output Parameters

1: **ab**(ldab,*) – **complex array**

The first dimension of the array **ab** must be at least **kd** + 1

The second dimension of the array must be at least $\max(1, n)$

ab contains values generated during the reduction to tridiagonal form.

The first superdiagonal and the diagonal of the tridiagonal matrix T are returned in **ab** using the same storage format as described above.

2: **w**(*) – **double array**

Note: the dimension of the array **w** must be at least $\max(1, n)$.

If **info** = 0, the eigenvalues in ascending order.

3: **z**(ldz,*) – **complex array**

The first dimension, **ldz**, of the array **z** must satisfy

if **jobz** = 'V', **ldz** $\geq \max(1, n)$;
ldz ≥ 1 otherwise.

The second dimension of the array must be at least $\max(1, n)$

If **jobz** = 'V', then if **info** = 0, **z** contains the orthonormal eigenvectors of the matrix A , with the i th column of Z holding the eigenvector associated with **w**(i).

If **jobz** = 'N', **z** is not referenced.

4: **info** – **int32 scalar**

info = 0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

info = $-i$

If **info** = $-i$, parameter i had an illegal value on entry. The parameters are numbered as follows:

1: **jobz**, 2: **uplo**, 3: **n**, 4: **kd**, 5: **ab**, 6: **ldab**, 7: **w**, 8: **z**, 9: **ldz**, 10: **work**, 11: **rwork**, 12: **info**.

It is possible that **info** refers to a parameter that is omitted from the MATLAB interface. This usually indicates that an error in one of the other input parameters has caused an incorrect value to be inferred.

info > 0

If **info** = i , the algorithm failed to converge; i elements of an intermediate tridiagonal form did not converge to zero.

7 Accuracy

The computed eigenvalues and eigenvectors are exact for a nearby matrix $(A + E)$, where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and ϵ is the *machine precision*. See Section ua4.7 of Anderson *et al.* 1999 for further details.

8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is proportional to n^3 if **jobz** = 'V' and is proportional to $k_d n^2$ otherwise.

The real analogue of this function is f08ha.

9 Example

```

jobz = 'Vectors';
uplo = 'U';
kd = int32(2);
ab = [complex(0, 0), complex(0, 0), complex(3, -1), complex(4, -2),
      complex(5, -3);
      complex(0, 0), complex(2, -1), complex(3, -2), complex(4, -3),
      complex(5, -4);
      complex(1, +0), complex(2, +0), complex(3, +0), complex(4, +0),
      complex(5, +0)];
[abOut, w, z, info] = f08hn(jobz, uplo, kd, ab)

abOut =
  Columns 1 through 4
           0                      0          3.0000 - 1.0000i    7.2377 -
3.8317i
           0          3.8730          8.5456          6.2114
    1.0000          5.2000          7.8051          -0.0720
  Column 5
    5.4275 - 0.2013i
    1.9595
    1.0669
w =
   -6.4185
   -1.4094
    1.4421
    4.4856
   16.9002
z =
  Columns 1 through 4
    0.2591          -0.6367          0.4516          -0.5503
   -0.0245 - 0.4344i    0.2578 - 0.2413i   -0.3029 - 0.4402i   -0.4785 -
0.2759i
   -0.5159 + 0.1095i    0.3039 + 0.3481i    0.3160 + 0.2978i   -0.2128 -
0.0465i
   -0.0004 + 0.5093i   -0.3450 + 0.0832i   -0.4088 - 0.3213i    0.1707 -
0.0200i

```

```
      0.4333 - 0.1353i      0.2469 - 0.2634i      0.0204 + 0.2262i      -0.0175 +  
0.5611i  
Column 5  
      0.1439  
      0.3060 + 0.0411i  
      0.4681 + 0.2306i  
      0.4098 + 0.3832i  
      0.1819 + 0.5136i  
info =  
      0
```
